

Company Report

March 17, 2026

Strategy Advisors Inc.
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Public Offering of New Shares Reflects the Company's Confidence

The full-year results for FY12/2025 of Segue Group, disclosed on February 13, reported net sales of ¥25.07 billion (+34.0% YoY) and operating profit of ¥1.85 billion (+157.5% YoY), representing significant increases in both revenue and profit. This was mainly attributable to progress in revenue recognition from GSS (Government Solution Service) projects.

Orders in Q4 FY12/2025 remained firm at ¥5.53 billion (+8.1% YoY), although there were no GSS projects. The Company forecasts operating profit of ¥2.3 billion for FY12/2026, exceeding the challenging target of ¥2 billion, which includes M&A, set for the final year of its medium-term management plan.

The Company announced a new share issuance and secondary offering on January 23. The funds raised through the public offering are expected to total approximately ¥2.2 billion and the equity ratio is projected to improve to around 31% in the Q1 results. Most of the funds will be allocated to the funding needs of GSS projects. Due to the acquisition of large-scale orders, short-term borrowings and other working capital financing had increased to ¥3.02 billion and the equity ratio had declined to 22.1%. This suggests the Company's confidence that large-scale orders will continue going forward.

The share price has declined due to concerns over dilution (14.1%) associated with the public offering. However, the valuation has become attractive (PER of 12–13x) and in our view there is a high likelihood that the share price will turn upward again.

The Company's equity story is its transformation into a total security solutions company. In addition to the continued growth of its existing businesses centered on the VAD Business, the outcomes of the following initiatives may become visible: 1) transformation of Kaetec through AI utilization and expansion of services for end users, 2) expansion of sales of in-house products centered on RevoWorks, 3) acceleration of growth in the Overseas Business and 4) expansion of direct transactions with end users through synergies with Segue Security. By increasing the gross profit margin, these initiatives could lead to a further re-rating of PER.

Stock Price & Trading Volumes (Past Year)



Source: Strategy Advisors.

Key Indicators

Stock Price (03/16/26)	498
Year-to-Date High (09/24/25)	646
Year-to-Date Low (03/04/26)	486
52-Week High (11/28/25)	801
52-Week Low (04/07/25)	414
Shares on Issue (mn)	31.7
Market Capitalization (¥ bn)	15.8
EV (¥ bn)	17.5
Equity Ratio (9/25 Actual, %)	22.1
PER (12/25 CoE, Times)	12.9
PBR (12/24 Actual, Times)	3.8
Dividend Yield (12/25 CoE, %)	3.6

Source: Strategy Advisors.

In our view, the reasons the Company's valuation had previously remained at a low level are as follows: 1) the Company's value-added distribution of overseas products (VAD Business) had been viewed as a simple import trading business and 2) many of its customers are large SI companies, and compared with prime vendor SI companies, its profitability had been relatively lower. As the above initiatives materialize, we expect the Company's market capitalization to increase further.

Japanese GAAP - Consolidated

FY	Sales (¥ mn)	YoY Change (%)	Operating Income (¥ mn)	YoY Change (%)	Ordinary Income (¥ mn)	YoY Change (%)	Net Income (¥ mn)	YoY Change (%)	EPS (¥)	DPS (¥)
12/2021	12,038	9.5	638	-24.3	686	-21.5	454	-28.3	13.2	5.3
12/2022	13,622	13.2	906	41.9	1,050	53.1	743	63.5	22.2	6.0
12/2023	17,443	28.0	1,086	19.8	1,015	-3.4	660	-11.1	19.6	10.0
12/2024	18,717	7.3	720	-33.7	1,060	4.4	507	-23.1	15.7	11.0
12/2025	25,074	34.0	1,854	157.5	2,001	88.8	1,191	134.6	37.6	13.0
12/2026 CoE	30,000	19.6	2,300	24.0	2,299	14.8	1,403	17.8	38.6	18.0

Note: 3-for-1 Stock Split for Common Shares Effective March 1, 2024.

Source: Company Data. Compiled by Strategy Advisors.

1. Company Forecast Within Reach; Orders and Order Backlog Continue at High Levels

Full-Year Results for FY12/2025 Show A Significant Increase in Both Revenue and Profit

The full-year results for FY12/2025 of Segue Group, disclosed on February 13, reported net sales of ¥25.07 billion (+34% YoY) and operating profit of ¥1.85 billion (+157.5% YoY), representing significant increases in both revenue and profit. This was mainly attributable to progress in revenue recognition from GSS (Government Solution Service) projects. The order backlog stood at ¥15.72 billion and has declined since peaking at the end of FY12/2025 Q2 alongside revenue recognition from GSS projects. Meanwhile, orders in FY12/2025 Q4 remained firm at ¥5.53 billion (+8.1% YoY). Despite the absence of GSS project orders in FY12/2025 Q4, orders increased YoY, suggesting solid demand.

The Operating Profit Plan Exceeds the Challenge Target Set

For FY12/2026, the Company forecasts net sales of ¥30 billion (+19.6% YoY) and operating profit of ¥2.3 billion (+24% YoY). The Company aims to achieve operating profit exceeding the challenging target of ¥2 billion, which includes M&A, set for the final year of its medium-term management plan. In our view, the Company's forecast is within reach given the following factors: 1) orders for GSS projects in FY12/2025 totaled approximately ¥9 billion, resulting in a high level of order backlog at the beginning of FY12/2026; 2) even without GSS projects, the Company secured orders exceeding ¥5 billion in FY12/2025 Q4; and 3) GSS project orders in the tens of billions of yen are expected again in FY12/2026.

Approximately ¥2.2 billion To Be Raised Through a Public Offering

The Company announced a new share issuance and secondary offering on January 23. The funds raised through the public offering are expected to total approximately ¥2.2 billion and the equity ratio is projected to improve to around 31% in the FY12/2026 Q1 results. Most of the funds will be allocated to the funding needs of GSS projects. Due to the acquisition of large-scale orders, short-term borrowings and other working capital financing had increased to ¥3.02 billion and the equity ratio had declined to 22.1%. This suggests the Company's confidence that large-scale orders will continue going forward.

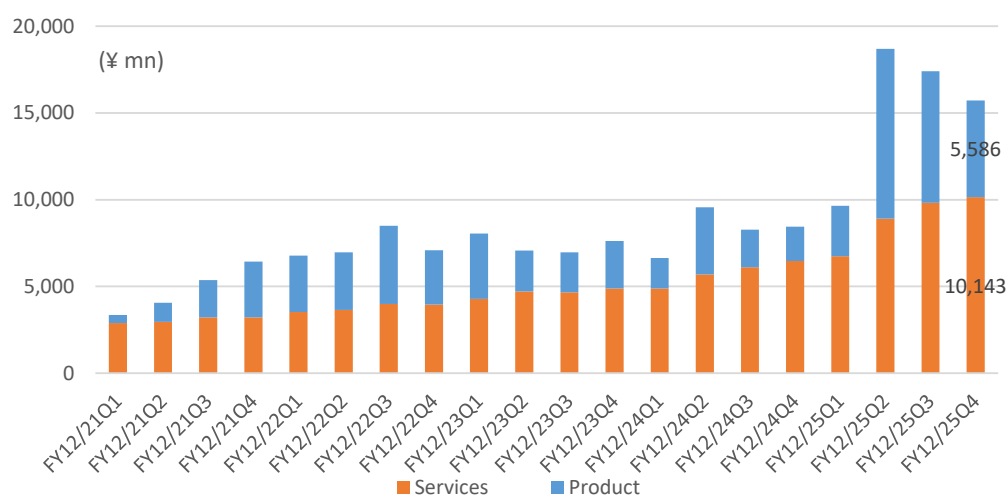
The Shareholder Benefit Program Has Been Revised, Reducing Total Cost of Shareholder Benefits

The Company also announced revisions to its shareholder benefit program. The Company had implemented high-value shareholder benefits in order to remain listed on the Prime Market, but as its business performance has expanded, it has been reducing shareholder benefit expenses. The program will shift from digital gifts to a benefit scheme based on points from the Premium Benefit Club, reducing the total cost of shareholder benefits.

The Company's Planned Dividend Payout Ratio is 47.2%

At the same time, the Company remains proactive in shareholder returns. Based on the Company's plan for the current fiscal year, the forecast dividend is ¥18 per share (+¥5 YoY). The dividend payout ratio is 47.2%, and the Company intends to maintain a solid balance sheet. The Company has indicated a policy of maintaining a dividend payout ratio of around 50% through FY12/2026, the final year of its medium-term management plan and a significant dividend increase this year should be positive for investors.

Figure 1: Changes in the Backlog of Orders



Source: Company Data. Compiled by Strategy Advisors.

2. VAD Continues to Drive Growth. Profitability Likely to Remain at a High Level

VAD Business Continues to Drive Growth

By business segment, the VAD Business, which sells IT infrastructure products and security products, recorded net sales of ¥13.76 billion (+43.8% YoY) and gross profit of ¥3.38 billion (+53.5% YoY), achieving significant growth in both revenue and profit and driving overall performance. Orders for GSS projects in FY12/2025 totaled approximately ¥9 billion and the progress in revenue recognition since Q3 contributed to the improvement in performance. Products compatible with GSS are handled only by the Company and one other company, creating strong barriers to entry. In addition, the Company's engineering capabilities appears to be highly regarded in the bidding process. The Company expects orders in the tens of billions of yen in Q1 as well, and orders for GSS projects are expected to continue this fiscal year.

Demand for Cybersecurity Remains Strong

In addition, as seen from orders in FY12/2025 Q4, demand for cybersecurity remains strong in both public and private sectors, and inquiries are reportedly emerging from companies that are required to implement measures in line with the security guidelines of government ministries and agencies. Products from Juniper Networks (U.S.) and Extreme Networks (U.S.) are driving growth, and demand remains solid. Looking at the breakdown of order backlog, services are accumulating. The accumulation of maintenance phases with high recurring characteristics is progressing and advances received at the end of FY12/2025 amounted to ¥6.75 billion (+¥1.88 billion YoY).

Order Prospects for GSS Projects Appear Conservative

For the current fiscal year, the Company's plan assumes that orders for GSS projects will not be particularly large, suggesting a somewhat conservative outlook. A key point of attention this fiscal year will be whether the Company can secure large-scale projects in 2H FY12/2026 will contribute to performance from FY12/2027 onward.

Profitability in The System Integration Business Has Declined

The System Integration Business recorded net sales of ¥8.53 billion (+21.9% YoY) and gross profit of ¥1.47 billion (+2.2% YoY), resulting in a decline in profitability. The main factors included insufficient response in man-hour management for System Engineering Service (SES), which led to an increase in idle engineers, the strategic acceptance of low-profit large-scale projects, and increases in personnel expenses associated with improved compensation for engineers as well as higher outsourcing costs. Awareness of the profitability challenges in this business remains high, and the Company plans to develop the business beyond its traditional model, including acquiring prime projects through collaboration with Segue Security. As arguments that engineers may become unnecessary have emerged with the spread of generative AI and other technologies, focusing on areas where differentiation is easier will be important.

Expansion of Comprehensive Security Services for SMEs Is Expected

The Company provides Kaetec, a service for end users. This service is a comprehensive security service for small and medium-sized enterprises. In FY12/2025, the business did not grow as much as expected due to deficiencies in the internal organizational structure. However, the PBR of Global Security Experts (4417, TSE Growth), which provides security services for small and medium-sized enterprises, exceeds 10x and future growth is anticipated. Security measures are required not only for large companies but also for small and medium-sized enterprises and expansion of the business leveraging the brand of Segue Group, which is listed on the TSE Prime Market, will attract attention.

The In-House Development Business Performance Appears Somewhat Insufficient

The In-House Development Business recorded net sales of ¥1.13 billion (+4.7% YoY) and gross profit of ¥580 million (-2.8% YoY), resulting in somewhat unsatisfactory performance. The main factor behind the decline in profitability was the continued additional development of RevoWorks ZONE, a next-generation zero-trust browser, as well as the postponement of large-scale projects for RevoWorks Browser, an internet separation virtual browser, to the current fiscal year. On the other hand, against the backdrop of the cybersecurity resilience initiative for local governments promoted by the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications, security measures based on a zero-trust premise are expected to progress, and a return to a growth trajectory is anticipated from this fiscal year onward.

The postponed large-scale projects are mainly license-based and are expected to make a significant profit contribution and additional orders also appear likely. Although the share of this business in total net sales is small, it is a high-margin software-oriented business, and significant growth is expected this fiscal year.

Segue Security Returned to Profitability

Segue Security (established in November 2022), which is included in the In-House Development Business, appears to have turned profitable due to revenue expansion. Demand for security remains strong, and the service is capable of providing a wide range of support, including consulting, security training, vulnerability assessment, incident response, and operations, indicating a broad customer base. The Company is also focusing on the development of services utilizing generative AI.

In addition to SOC-based managed services, attention will focus on the expansion of service lineups and synergies with Segue Technology, which provides System Integration Business services. Strategy Advisors has pointed out that improving profitability is essential for increasing the market capitalization of Segue Group. As this service has the potential to conduct direct transactions with end users, it can be considered an extremely important subsidiary for further enhancing corporate value.

The Overseas Business Achieved Higher Revenue and Profit Due To the Consolidation Effect of First One Systems

In the Overseas Business, net sales were ¥1.63 billion (+55.3% YoY) and gross profit was ¥480 million (+42% YoY), reflecting increased revenue and profit due to the consolidation effect of First One Systems (May 2024). On the other hand, the Company announced an impairment loss of ¥110 million for ISS Resolution, which was acquired as a subsidiary in 2022, due to delays in new businesses. First One Systems intends to focus on large-scale infrastructure and cybersecurity projects, and in Q4 its performance appears to have benefited from an infrastructure project for public transportation. IT investment by universities, transportation infrastructure operators, and medical institutions is expected to expand, and further business expansion is anticipated. The Company also appears to be considering optimizing the local structure of these two Thai subsidiaries, and attention will focus on strengthening a structure that enables maximum utilization of group synergies. Thailand has many subsidiaries of Japanese companies, particularly in the manufacturing sector, and demand for IT investment remains strong. It will therefore be important to implement in Thailand the business model that has been established in Japan.

Figure 2: Quarterly Financial Performance by Business

	FY12/24				FY12/25			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Sales (¥ mn)								
VAD	2,838	1,908	1,884	2,944	2,321	2,973	3,679	4,793
System Integration	1,823	1,293	2,727	1,162	1,986	1,481	3,479	1,591
In-house Development	293	257	263	271	247	358	242	288
Overseas	0	0	631	423	233	399	458	544
Total	4,954	3,457	5,507	4,800	4,788	5,213	7,858	7,215
Sales (YoY)								
VAD	12.1%	-6.2%	-11.5%	29.5%	-18.2%	55.8%	95.2%	62.8%
System Integration	-3.1%	-41.1%	38.1%	-23.7%	9.0%	14.6%	27.5%	36.9%
In-house Development	95.9%	-3.9%	6.2%	14.6%	-15.7%	39.5%	-8.0%	6.2%
Overseas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-27.5%	28.5%
Total	8.6%	-23.1%	26.5%	19.0%	-3.3%	50.8%	42.7%	50.3%
Gross Profit (¥ mn)								
VAD	612	417	534	643	638	764	846	1,138
System Integration	407	354	409	278	304	301	590	285
In-house Development	195	142	109	151	120	224	102	133
Overseas	0	0	210	132	71	135	151	127
Total	1,213	913	1,261	1,204	1,134	1,424	1,689	1,683
Gross Profit Margin (%)								
VAD	21.6%	21.9%	28.3%	21.8%	27.5%	25.7%	23.0%	23.7%
System Integration	22.3%	27.4%	15.0%	23.9%	15.3%	20.3%	16.9%	17.9%
In-house Development	66.6%	55.3%	41.3%	55.7%	48.6%	62.6%	42.2%	46.3%
Overseas	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	31.3%	30.5%	33.8%	32.9%	23.4%
Total	24.5%	26.4%	22.9%	25.1%	23.7%	27.3%	21.5%	23.3%

Source: Company Data. Compiled by Strategy Advisors.

3. Share Price Could Rise Again If This Fiscal Year's Company Plan Is Priced In

There is Sufficient Room for PER Expansion

The share price has turned downward due to concerns over dilution (14.1%) associated with the public offering. However, the valuation remains attractive, and Strategy Advisors believes there is a high likelihood that the share price will turn upward again. Based on the Company's planned EPS for the current fiscal year, the PER is approximately 12–13x and the PBR is slightly above 4x. As the Company actively implements shareholder returns, its ROE is 33.5%, higher than that of its peers. Although the PBR is also relatively high, the PER remains at a level that suggests sufficient room for further upside.

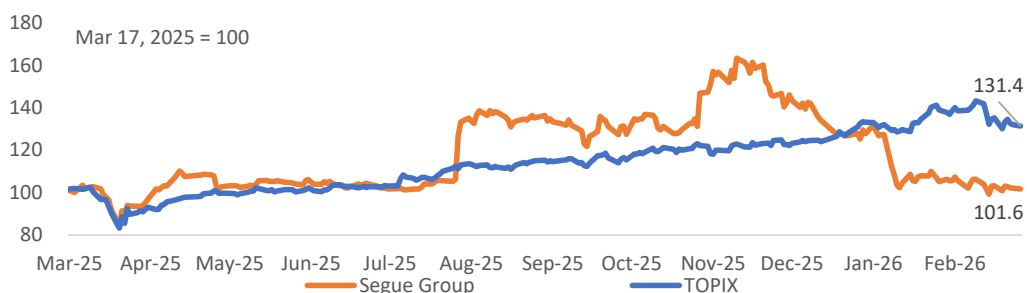
The Company Plan for FY12/2026 May Be Revised Upward

Strategy Advisors believes that while the Company's plan for FY12/2026 assumes a significant increase in profit, it is somewhat conservative and there is sufficient potential for an upward revision. The reasons are as follows: 1) as mentioned above, orders in FY12/2025 Q4 were firm and the Company is starting the fiscal year with a high level of order backlog, 2) large-scale orders are expected to be recognized in the In-House Development Business, which should contribute to improved profitability and 3) the Company has incorporated expenses for upfront investments toward FY12/2027 and there is buffer in SG&A expenses. If expectations for an upward revision increase following the FY12/2026 Q1 results, the share price may return to an upward trajectory.

Expectations For a Transformation into a Total Security Solution Company

The Company's equity story is its transformation into a total security solutions company. In addition to the continued growth of its existing businesses centered on the VAD Business, the outcomes of the following initiatives may become visible: 1) transformation of Kaetec through the utilization of AI and expansion of services for end users, 2) expansion of sales of in-house products centered on RevoWorks, 3) acceleration of growth in the Overseas Business, and 4) expansion of direct transactions with end users through synergies with Segue Security. By increasing the gross profit margin, these initiatives could lead to a further re-rating of the PER. According to the analysis of Strategy Advisors, the reasons the Company's valuation had previously remained relatively low are as follows: 1) the Company's value-added distribution of overseas products (VAD Business) had been viewed as a simple import trading business, and 2) many of its customers are large SI companies, and compared with prime vendor SI companies, their profitability had been relatively lower. As the results of the above initiatives materialize, the Company's valuation may increase further.

Figure 3. Relative Stock Price Chart



Note: Calculated based on the closing price on March 17, 2025 as 100.

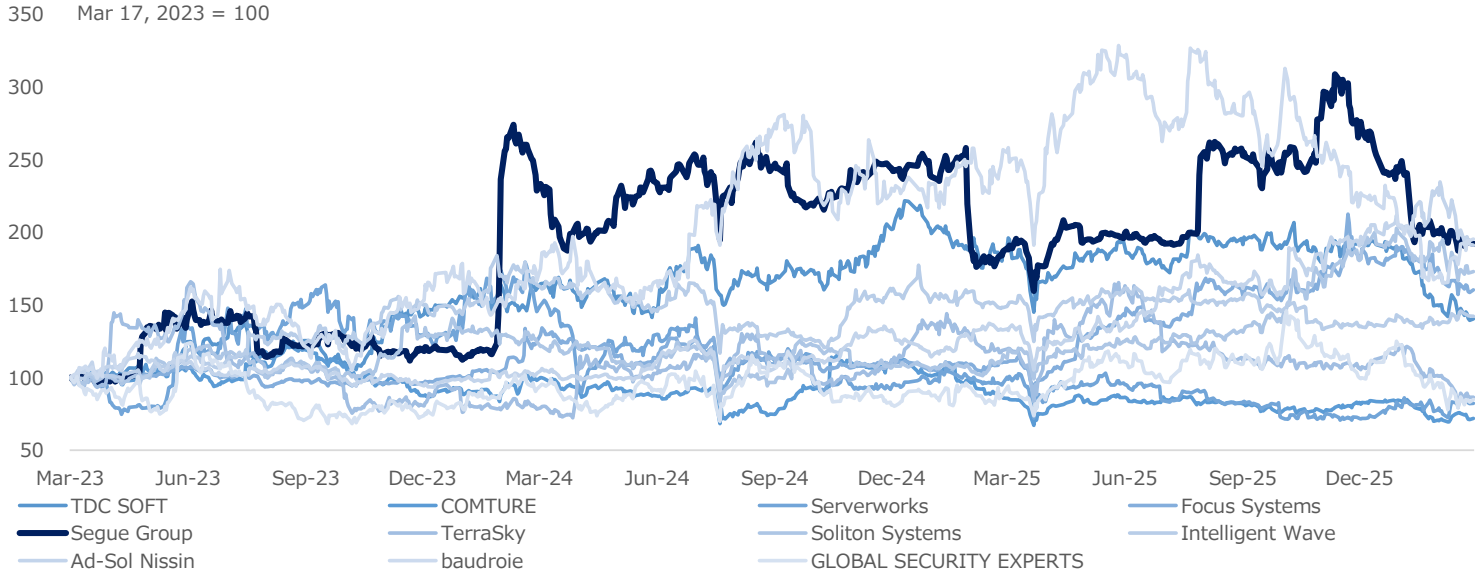
Source: Company Data. Compiled by Strategy Advisors.

Figure 4. Comparative Valuations with Peers

Ticker	Company name	FY	Stock Price	Market Cap	PER	PBR	ROE	EV/EBITD A	Dividend Yield	Shareholders' Equity Ratio	Net D/E Ratio	Stock Price Chg Over Past 1yr	Stock Price Chg Over Past 3yr
			(Mar 16) (¥)	(Mar 16) (¥ mn)	CoE (Times)	Actual (Times)	CoE (%)	Actual (Times)	CoE (%)	Actual (%)	Actual (Times)	Actual (%)	(%)
3968	Segue Group	Dec-24	498	18,100	12.9	4.3	33.5	8.5	3.6	22.5	0.9	7.9	88.5
2327	NS Solutions	Mar-25	3,729	682,338	23.4	2.6	11.2	14.7	2.1	62.0	0.1	-3.1	117.0
3697	SHIFT	Aug-24	660	173,773	15.1	4.2	32.9	9.8	0.0	53.3	0.3	-35.9	-50.6
9682	DTS	Mar-25	1,078	171,774	15.7	3.0	18.8	9.5	1.9	72.2	0.0	5.7	33.0
4722	Future	Dec-24	1,645	145,872	12.4	2.3	18.8	6.6	2.9	64.4	0.2	-10.3	-8.1
2317	Systema	Mar-25	424	151,561	14.6	4.7	31.9	10.5	3.1	62.7	0.0	18.1	31.2
4413	baudroie	Feb-25	2,027	63,180	26.7	13.8	51.3	22.5	0.4	53.1	0.4	-19.9	113.3
3762	TECHMATRIX	Mar-25	1,745	70,123	14.4	2.9	20.2	6.3	2.8	23.0	0.2	-11.5	24.0
3636	Mitsubishi Research Institute	Sep-24	4,645	73,172	12.6	1.0	8.1	4.7	3.6	56.1	0.0	-2.8	-8.2
5036	Japan Business Systems	Sep-24	1,591	71,544	12.4	2.6	21.6	10.4	2.8	36.4	0.9	57.3	-2.3
4687	TDC SOFT	Mar-25	999	47,264	12.4	2.3	18.2	6.7	0.0	73.8	0.0	-23.4	31.0
3844	COMTURE	Mar-25	1,471	46,915	14.1	2.5	18.0	7.0	3.4	72.1	0.0	-16.8	-30.7
4417	GLOBAL SECURITY EXPERTS	Mar-25	2,460	37,027	26.1	12.0	46.0	21.3	1.3	37.8	0.6	0.3	-21.5
3915	TerraSky	Feb-25	1,638	21,146	15.5	1.9	12.3	8.3	1.0	56.9	0.0	-28.1	-17.1
4847	Intelligent Wave	Jun-25	998	26,132	15.5	2.8	17.8	6.1	3.7	50.7	0.0	-4.7	40.9
3040	Soliton Systems	Dec-24	1,852	34,339	14.6	2.6	17.7	5.5	3.2	50.5	0.0	57.2	78.1
4662	Focus Systems	Mar-25	1,618	23,952	12.9	1.7	13.4	8.3	3.8	67.2	0.1	48.9	54.3
3837	Ad-Sol Nissin	Mar-25	1,547	27,028	19.3	3.8	19.8	13.2	3.0	71.6	-	43.1	92.9
4434	Serverworks	Feb-25	2,036	15,705	-22.2	1.4	-6.2	7.5	1.2	55.9	-	-12.6	-19.6

Source: Speeda Data. Compiled by Strategy Advisors.

Figure 5. Relative Stock Price Chart



Note: Calculated based on the closing price on March 17,2023 as 100.
Source: Speeda Data. Compiled by Strategy Advisors.

Figure 6. Consolidated Statement of Income (¥ mn)

FY	12/17	12/18	12/19	12/20	12/21	12/22	12/23	12/24	12/25	12/26 CoE
Total Sales	7,792	8,767	9,646	10,992	12,038	13,622	17,443	18,717	25,074	30,000
(YoY)		12.5%	10.0%	14.0%	9.5%	13.2%	28.0%	7.3%	34.0%	19.6%
VAD				5,280	5,262	6,332	8,966	9,574	13,766	
(YoY)				-	-0.3%	20.3%	41.6%	6.8%	43.8%	
SI				5,127	6,169	6,203	7,576	7,005	8,537	
(YoY)				-	20.3%	0.6%	22.1%	-7.5%	21.9%	
In-house Development				586	608	1,088	901	1,084	1,135	
(YoY)				-	3.7%	79.0%	-17.2%	20.3%	4.7%	
Gross profit	1,871	2,168	2,531	3,092	3,091	3,559	4,123	4,592	5,931	
(Gross Profit Margin)	24.0%	24.7%	26.2%	28.1%	25.7%	26.1%	23.6%	24.5%	23.7%	
VAD				1,371	1,314	1,299	1,757	2,206	3,386	
(Gross Profit Margin)				26.0%	25.0%	20.5%	19.6%	23.0%	24.6%	
SI				1,313	1,446	1,419	1,665	1,447	1,479	
(Gross Profit Margin)				25.6%	23.4%	22.9%	22.0%	20.7%	17.3%	
In-house Development				409	332	842	702	597	580	
(Gross Profit Margin)				69.7%	54.6%	77.3%	77.9%	55.1%	51.1%	
SG&A	1,488	1,684	1,983	2,248	2,452	2,652	3,037	3,872	4,076	
Operating Profit	382	484	548	843	638	906	1,086	720	1,854	2,300
(YoY)		26.7%	13.2%	53.9%	-24.3%	41.9%	19.8%	-33.7%	157.5%	24.0%
(Operating Profit Margin)	4.9%	5.5%	5.7%	7.7%	5.3%	6.7%	6.2%	3.8%	7.4%	7.7%
Non-Operating Income	58	19	17	32	54	203	21	449	288	
Non-Operating Expense	2	18	10	1	7	59	92	109	140	
Ordinary Profit	437	485	554	874	686	1,050	1,015	1,060	2,001	2,299
(YoY)		11.0%	14.1%	57.7%	-21.5%	53.1%	-3.4%	4.4%	88.8%	14.8%
(Ordinary Profit Margin)	5.6%	5.5%	5.7%	8.0%	5.7%	7.7%	5.8%	5.7%	8.0%	7.7%
Extraordinary Profit	28	69	65	65	0	188	0	268	0	
Extraordinary Loss	0	0	1	1	32	74	0	195	110	
Profit Before Income Taxes	466	555	618	938	710	1,165	1,015	1,132	1,891	
(YoY)		19.2%	11.3%	51.7%	-24.3%	64.0%	-12.9%	11.6%	66.9%	
(Pre-tax profit margin on sales)	6.0%	6.3%	6.4%	8.5%	5.9%	8.6%	5.8%	6.1%	7.5%	
Income Taxes	147	178	206	303	255	423	367	598	659	
(Effective tax rate)	31.6%	32.1%	33.5%	32.4%	36.0%	36.3%	36.2%	52.8%	34.9%	
Profit	319	377	411	634	454	741	647	534	1,231	
Profit (Loss) Attributable to Non-controlling Interests	0	0	0	0	0	-1	-12	26	40	
Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent	319	377	411	634	454	743	660	507	1,191	1,403
(YoY)		18.3%	9.1%	54.1%	-28.3%	63.5%	-11.1%	-23.1%	134.6%	17.8%

Source: Speeda Data. Compiled by Strategy Advisors.

Figure 7. Key Financial Indicators

FY		12/17	12/18	12/19	12/20	12/21	12/22	12/23	12/24	12/25	12/26 CoE
EPS	¥	57.1	66.3	35.9	55.6	39.6	66.5	19.6	15.7	37.6	38.6
BPS	¥	409	428	241	275	280	322	117	94	130	
Dividend per share	¥	0.00	1.66	3.33	5.33	5.33	6.00	10.00	11.00	13.00	18.00
Dividend payout ratio	%	0.0%	2.5%	9.3%	9.6%	13.5%	9.0%	50.9%	69.8%	35.1%	47.2%
Closing price	¥	332	246	305	453	259	272	309	639	657	
PER	Times	5.8	3.7	8.5	8.1	6.5	4.1	15.7	40.6	17.5	
PBR	Times	0.8	0.6	1.3	1.6	0.9	0.8	2.6	6.8	5.1	
Shares on Issue	'000	5,669	5,729	11,487	11,557	11,640	11,688	11,721	32,560	32,564	
Treasury stock	'000	0	0	0	128	390	501	498	914	819	
Number of treasury stocks excluded	'000	5,669	5,729	11,487	11,429	11,250	11,187	11,223	31,646	31,745	
Market Capitalization	¥ mn	11,292	8,456	10,511	15,533	8,742	9,128	10,403	20,222	20,856	
Shareholders' Equity Ratio	%	45.0%	45.8%	45.3%	44.1%	37.1%	32.6%	33.8%	22.3%	22.5%	
Interest-bearing debt balance	¥ mn	59	0	18	10	502	1,130	850	2,311	3,978	
D/E Ratio	Times	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.16	0.31	0.21	0.76	0.95	
EV (Enterprise Value)	¥ mn	9,811	6,805	8,359	13,838	7,914	7,179	7,824	18,617	22,510	
EBITDA	¥ mn	495	592	683	1,003	806	1,055	1,281	1,026	2,300	
EV/EBIDA	Times	19.8	11.5	12.2	13.8	9.8	6.8	6.1	18.1	9.8	
ROE	%	16.5%	15.8%	15.7%	21.3%	14.3%	21.6%	17.2%	14.4%	32.9%	
ROIC (Invested capital)	%	11.4%	12.7%	13.0%	18.0%	11.2%	11.3%	14.8%	2.4%	17.2%	
ROIC (Business assets)	%	45.1%	65.6%	80.8%	87.0%	37.7%	33.8%	51.8%	9.4%	34.9%	
Number of Employees		350	391	409	446	473	527	570	709	-	

Source: Speeda Data. Compiled by Strategy Advisors.

Figure 8. Balance Sheet (¥ mn)

FY	12/17	12/18	12/19	12/20	12/21	12/22	12/23	12/24	12/25
Cash and deposits	1,469	1,663	2,180	1,727	1,351	2,989	3,357	3,909	2,382
Notes and accounts receivable - trade	1,116	1,189	1,235	2,176	2,078	2,360	2,018	3,094	5,501
Inventories	768	686	640	821	2,376	3,103	2,848	1,687	3,909
Others	724	819	987	1,081	1,429	1,521	1,805	2,104	3,787
Current assets	4,078	4,359	5,044	5,806	7,236	9,975	10,029	10,795	15,579
Buildings and structures	13	14	27	32	42	44	98	104	102
Tools, furniture and fixtures	152	152	153	161	166	163	242	244	303
Others	0	0	8	1	0	39	35	27	26
Tangible fixed assets	165	167	190	194	209	248	377	377	432
Intangible assets	34	219	301	241	166	258	263	1,575	1,345
Investment securities	705	335	335	602	665	343	467	235	579
Others	169	268	274	345	347	426	693	649	710
Investments and other assets	874	603	609	948	1,013	770	1,161	884	1,289
Total noncurrent assets	1,075	990	1,102	1,384	1,388	1,276	1,802	2,837	3,067
Total assets	5,154	5,350	6,146	7,191	8,625	11,252	11,831	13,633	18,647
Accounts payable-trade	856	595	508	804	1,605	1,885	1,512	1,410	1,368
Current portion of long-term loans	58	0	8	8	501	287	273	632	3,029
Advances received	1,110	1,620	2,079	2,183	2,472	3,137	4,018	4,873	6,759
Others	494	470	511	737	520	1,055	1,048	1,396	1,631
Current liabilities	2,520	2,685	3,106	3,733	5,101	6,367	6,853	8,312	12,789
Long-term debt	0	0	9	1	0	804	544	1,652	925
Retirement benefit liability	131	146	176	201	222	245	260	360	394
Others	181	66	66	82	102	150	159	114	137
Noncurrent liabilities	313	213	252	285	324	1,200	963	2,127	1,457
Total liabilities	2,833	2,899	3,359	4,018	5,426	7,567	7,817	10,440	14,246
Capital stock	498	505	507	510	514	517	525	528	528
Capital surplus	270	278	279	283	287	289	297	0	0
Retained earnings	1,142	1,520	1,874	2,393	2,665	3,229	3,520	2,827	3,633
Treasury shares	0	0	0	-100	-302	-384	-381	-467	-442
Total shareholders' equity	1,912	2,304	2,661	3,087	3,165	3,652	3,961	2,888	3,718
Accumulated other comprehensive income	408	146	106	54	-20	-48	-21	83	393
Share subscription rights	0	0	18	30	54	62	64	71	77
Non-controlling interests	0	0	0	0	0	18	11	150	210
Total net assets	2,320	2,450	2,786	3,172	3,199	3,685	4,014	3,193	4,400
Total liabilities and net assets	5,154	5,350	6,146	7,191	8,625	11,252	11,831	13,633	18,647

Source: Speeda Data. Compiled by Strategy Advisors.

Figure 9. Cash Flow (¥ mn)

FY	12/17	12/18	12/19	12/20	12/21	12/22	12/23	12/24	12/25
Profit before income taxes	466	555	618	938	710	1,165	1,015	1,132	1,891
Depreciation	84	98	111	134	143	124	151	177	205
Amortization of goodwill	28	10	22	24	23	23	43	129	240
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable - trade	92	-73	52	-940	97	-235	346	-833	-2,374
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	0	-10	-34	-123	-149	224	127	-97	-53
Decrease (increase) in inventories	-466	82	51	-181	-1,554	-721	256	1,192	-2,218
Decrease (increase) in advance payments	-14	-167	-98	34	-19	-286	-383	-122	-1,536
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable-trade	461	-261	-141	296	801	255	-375	-156	-62
Increase (decrease) in advances received	157	482	446	104	289	651	879	776	1,878
Other	-140	-281	-269	-122	-493	-76	-474	-442	-890
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	670	434	760	163	-151	1,125	1,586	1,755	-2,810
Purchase of investment securities	-108	-50	-35	-330	-194	0	-120	-51	-1
Proceeds from sales of investment securities	30	79	93	69	61	379	0	223	259
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	-99	-107	-82	-86	-110	-80	-227	-118	-199
Purchase of intangible assets	-27	-128	-84	-11	-13	-13	-77	-44	-59
Purchase of subsidiary share capital associated with a change in the scope of consolidation	0	-72	-96	0	0	-195	0	-1,160	0
Payments into long-term deposits	0	0	0	0	0	0	-169	169	0
Other	79	-18	27	-42	2	-5	-63	5	-83
Cash flows from investing activities	-127	-297	-179	-401	-254	84	-658	-991	-90
Net increase (decrease) in borrowings	-85	-38	-11	-8	491	594	-290	1,327	1,622
Proceeds from issuance of shares	29	14	2	6	7	4	2	0	0
Purchase of treasury shares	0	0	0	-100	-202	0	1	-1,248	15
Dividends paid	0	0	-57	-114	-182	-180	-369	-328	-380
Other	-40	-20	0	0	-97	34	-13	-85	-20
Cash flows from financing activities	-95	-43	-66	-216	17	453	-669	-335	1,238
Free Cash Flow	543	137	581	-238	-406	1,209	927	763	-2,900

Source: Speeda Data. Compiled by Strategy Advisors.

Figure 10. Quarterly Performance Trends (¥ mn)

FY	12/23				12/24				12/25			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Net Sales	4,561	4,496	4,352	4,032	4,953	3,457	5,506	4,800	4,788	5,212	7,858	7,215
(YoY)	36.7%	68.7%	37.5%	-9.4%	8.6%	-23.1%	26.5%	19.0%	-3.3%	50.8%	42.7%	50.3%
VAD	2,531	2,033	2,129	2,273	2,838	1,908	1,884	2,944	2,321	2,973	3,679	4,793
(YoY)	58.7%	49.5%	64.5%	9.1%	12.1%	-6.2%	-11.5%	29.5%	-18.2%	55.8%	95.2%	62.8%
SI	1,881	2,196	1,975	1,523	1,823	1,293	2,727	1,162	1,986	1,481	3,479	1,591
(YoY)	20.3%	112.2%	30.7%	-27.2%	-3.1%	-41.1%	38.1%	-23.7%	9.0%	14.6%	27.5%	36.9%
In-house Development	150	267	248	237	293	257	263	271	247	358	242	288
(YoY)	-17.1%	-1.4%	-31.2%	-14.5%	95.9%	-3.9%	6.2%	14.6%	-15.7%	39.5%	-8.0%	6.2%
Overseas	-	-	-	-	-	-	631	423	233	399	458	544
(YoY)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-27.5%	28.5%
Gross Profit	1,090	992	1,038	1,001	1,213	913	1,261	1,204	1,134	1,424	1,689	1,683
(Gross Profit Margin)	23.9%	22.1%	23.9%	24.8%	24.5%	26.4%	22.9%	25.1%	23.7%	27.3%	21.5%	23.3%
• VAD	564	402	450	340	612	417	534	643	638	764	846	1,138
(Gross Profit Margin)	22.3%	19.8%	21.1%	15.0%	21.6%	21.9%	28.3%	21.8%	27.5%	25.7%	23.0%	23.7%
• SI	445	355	387	478	407	354	409	278	304	301	590	285
(Gross Profit Margin)	23.6%	16.2%	19.6%	31.4%	22.3%	27.4%	15.0%	23.9%	15.3%	20.3%	16.9%	17.9%
• In-house Development	82	235	202	183	195	142	109	151	120	224	102	133
(Gross Profit Margin)	54.9%	88.1%	81.3%	77.3%	66.6%	55.3%	41.3%	55.7%	48.6%	62.6%	42.2%	46.3%
Overseas	-	-	-	-	-	-	210	132	71	135	151	127
(Gross Profit Margin)	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.3%	31.3%	30.5%	33.8%	32.9%	23.4%
SG&A	672	783	736	844	782	996	972	1,120	908	965	939	1,264
Operating Profit	418	209	302	156	430	-83	288	84	226	458	750	418
(YoY)	85.8%	99.0%	25.1%	-53.2%	3.0%	-	-4.3%	-46.1%	-47.5%	-	159.7%	396.4%
(Operating Profit Margin)	9.2%	4.7%	6.9%	3.9%	8.7%	-2.4%	5.2%	1.8%	4.7%	8.8%	9.5%	5.8%
Non-Operating Income/Expenses	-6	-18	-5	-40	382	10	1	-54	17	-24	99	55
Ordinary Profit	411	191	296	116	813	-73	290	30	243	434	849	474
(YoY)	49.7%	4.0%	17.0%	-65.7%	97.4%	-	-1.8%	-74.0%	-70.0%	-	192.3%	1470.8%
(Ordinary Profit Margin)	9.0%	4.3%	6.8%	2.9%	16.4%	-2.1%	5.3%	0.6%	5.1%	8.3%	10.8%	6.6%
Extraordinary Profit and Loss	0	0	0	0	0	13	12	47	0	0	0	-110
Profit Before Income Taxes	411	191	296	116	813	-60	302	77	243	434	849	364
Income Taxes	143	68	107	48	267	42	115	172	109	155	284	110
Profit	268	122	188	67	545	-102	187	-95	134	278	565	253
Profit (Loss) Attributable to Non-controlling Interests	-9	-7	0	3	5	2	6	11	-6	16	20	9
Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent	277	130	188	64	539	-105	180	-107	140	262	545	243

Source: Speeda Data. Compiled by Strategy Advisors.

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